PAST CONTINUOUS

Se usa para expresar una acción que estaba pasando en «aquel momento» del que estamos hablando y de su duración en el pasado. No es lo mismo *I sang* (canté) que *I was singing* (estaba cantando); la segunda frase nos hace entender que la acción duró más tiempo. Hay dos posibles traducciones del *past continuous*. *I was singing* lo podemos traducir como «estaba cantando» o «cantaba» (pretérito imperfecto de indicativo).

¡Atención! Repasa las reglas ortográficas de -ing en la página 19.

ESTRUCTURA

Afirmativa

Sujeto + was/were + verbo -ing + complementos She was playing in the street. (Jugaba en la calle.)

Negativa

Sujeto + was/were + not + verbo -ing + complementos She wasn't opening the door. (No estaba abriendo la puerta.)

Interrogativa

(Partícula interrogativa) + was/were + sujeto + verbo -ing + complementos +? Why was Peter driving my car? (¿Por qué conducía Peter mi coche?)
Were you eating at eight o'clock? (¿Estabas comiendo a las ocho?)

TO PLAY

AFIRMATIVA NEGATIVA INTERROGATIVA			INTERROGATIVA
	Forma completa	Forma contraída	
I was playing.	I was not playing.	I wasn't playing.	(Where) was I playing?
You were playing.	You were not playing.	You weren't playing.	(Where) were you playing?
He was playing.	He was not playing.	He wasn't playing.	(Where) was he playing?
She was playing.	She was not playing.	She wasn't playing.	(Where) was she playing?
lt was playing.	It was not playing.	lt wasn't playing.	(Where) was it playing?
We were playing.	We were not playing.	We weren't playing.	(Where) were we playing?
You were playing.	You were not playing.	You weren't playing.	(Where) were you playing?
They were playing.	They were not playing	. They weren't playing.	(Where) were they playing?

¡Atención! Es igual que el *present continuous*, pero solo cambiamos la forma del verbo *be*. El gerundio (verbo -ing) es igual para todas las personas. La partícula interrogativa puede aparecer o no, por eso está entre paréntesis.

Reglas ortográficas

Para la formación del gerundio debes revisar las reglas ortográficas explicadas en la página 19 en el capítulo del *present continuous*.

EJERCICIOS

1 Escribe el gerundio y el significado de estos verbos.

Ejemplo: prepare: preparing - preparar

1	say:	19	cook:
2	die:	20	try:
3	put:	21	drive:
4	ski:	22	listen:
5	play:	23	brush:
6	buy:	24	smile:
7	sleep:	25	wash:
8	paint:	26	help:
9	eat:	27	tidy:
10	touch:	28	shine:
11	work:	29	shout:
12	close:	30	stay:
13	ride:	31	carry:
14	open:	32	bake:
15	get:	33	fight:
16	give:	34	climb:
17	copy:	35	float:
18	visit:	36	deliver:

2 Escribe las frases en past continuous en la forma afirmativa.

Ejemplo: Peter <u>was writing</u> a letter. (write)

1	Our dog in the park. (run)	
2	My husband yesterday. (draw)	
3	We cards in the living room. (play)	
4	My father the kitchen in the morning. (tid	ly)
5	Sallyloudly. (shout)	
6	The sun (shine)	
7	The children beautifully. (sing)	
8	Ivan a postcard. (write)	
9	I a cake in the evening. (bake)	
10	My daughter a bicycle in the park. (ride)	
11	We a sandwich under a big tree. (eat)	
12	The cat on the chair. (sit)	
13	My neighbour the shopping. (carry)	
14	I	
15	The bus slowly. (stop)	
16	My parents happily. (smile)	
17	The water (boil)	
18	The police officer	
19	The soldiers near the mountains. (fight)	
20	The butcher some meat. (cut)	
21	l I	
22	The plane to Rome. (fly)	
23	3 My husband in the bathroom. (shave)	
24	4 It a lot in Scotland. (rain)	
2!	5 We on the grass. (lie)	

3 Escribe las frases en *past continuous* en la forma negativa.

Ejemplo: Peter wasn't driving then. (not drive)

1	I a bath at five o'clock. (not have)		
2	2 The dog	all night. (not bark)	
3	3 We	. loudly. (not shout)	
4	4 The owner	his old pictures. (not sell)	
5	5 The postman	parcels. (not deliver)	
6	3 The electrician	the lamps in the living room. (not repair)	
7	7 She	a big box. (not carry)	
8	3 My mother	a cake in the kitchen. (not bake)	
9	7 The waiter	a piece of pizza for me. (not cut)	
10	Sarah	in the street. (not run)	
11	1 Our teacher	in the classroom. (not sing)	
12	2 They	yesterday. (not wash)	
13	The students	in Switzerland. (not ski)	
14	1 Sam and Joe	flowers at the florist's. (not buy)	
15	5 My husband	the room yesterday. (not paint)	
16	3 She	the dog. (not touch)	
17	7 I th	ne red dress on. (not try)	
18	3 The assistant	her the photographs. (not give)	
19	9 My boss	his mother. (not visit)	
20	0 I th	ne magazines on the shelf. (not put)	
21	1 My daughter	her room. (not tidy)	
22	2 My friend	my horse. (not ride)	
23	3 She	her long hair. (not brush)	
24	4 We	. your ideas. (not copy)	
25	5 My uncle	a lorry. (not drive)	

4 Escribe las frases en *past continuous* en la forma interrogativa.

Ejemplo: Where <u>was Peter working</u>? (Peter/work)

1	What	here? (she / do)
		the door? (open)
		the house? (he / paint)
		? (the frog / jump)
		? (you / help)
		? (they / sing)
		? (she / cook)
		my bicycle? (Daddy / ride)
		? (they / drink)
		sport? (Mary / do)
		ı in the garden? (play)
		early in the morning? (Lina / go)
		the shop so late? (she / close)
		? (my turtle / eat)
		with swords? (the men / fight)
		in an expensive hotel. (stay)
		during the concert? (she / smoke)
		some presents for your family? (you / buy)
		in Seville? (it / rain)
		yesterday? (the sun / shine)
		well? (he / sleep)
		her homework slowly? (she / write)
:	23	her feet in the water? (my daughter / put)
		the mountain? (Peter / climb)
		in the sky. (fly)

Hd	duce.
1	Jane estaba comiendo en un restaurante caro.
2	¿Dónde estabas leyendo?
3	Yo estaba diciendo lo mismo.
4	¿Por qué estaba sonriendo ella?
5	Conducíamos.
6	No jugábamos al fútbol.
7	¿Qué te probabas?
8	Estaban esquiando la semana pasada.
9	¿Quién montaba a caballo?
10	Mi madre no dormía bien.
11	Él estaba tocando la cara de ella.
12	¿Qué estabas copiando?
13	No comprábamos muchas cosas.
14	Estábamos escuchando las noticias.
	ž.

6 Completa estas frases en past continuous.

Ejemplo: Three little birds were flying in the sky. (fly)

1	Your aunt
	Who bread? (sell)
۷	My brother the wall. (not climb)
<u>ح</u>	puzzles at school? (the children / do)
	in a romantic hotel in Germany. (Stay)
5	The farmer the animals. (feed)
6	The latiner in the meeting? (the director / smoke)
7	Peterthe glasses. (not clean)
8	The lawyer about the problem. (think)
ç	The lawyerlovingly. (smile) My grandmotherlovingly. (smile)
10	1to the concert? (she / go)
1	1the exams. (not deliver)
1	3 It on the water. (float)
1	3 It
1	.4
1	16 My sister to Country music. (dance)
	16 My sisterto me? (you / listen)
,	18 She
	18 Shebones under the tree. (put)
	20 The wind noisily. (blow)
	20 The wind
	21 The girls
	22
	24 I
	25

INSPIRATION 2

Worksheet 2

Past continuous

1 Complete the table with the correct past form of be.

1	was	using my mobile phone	
You		listening to music	
Не		eating a sandwich	at 8pm.
She		laughing	when you arrived.
We		watching TV	
They	140.0	swimming	

	Now make the sentences negative. I wasn't using my mobile phone at 8pm.	Now make questions. Was I using my mobile phone at 8pm?
2	Write questions. you / watch him – Were you watching him?	4 Complete the sentences with the past continuous form.
	1 you/talk	1 (run) when you saw me
	2 they / laugh	because I was late. They (wait) for a bus who
	3 she / take photos	the car crashed. 3 Gabi and Laura (dance) a 8pm.
	4 you/shop 5 he/run	4 Tomek (not / eat) a sandwich when Ben fell into the river.
	5 ne / run	5 What Carol and Jack
3	Read the questions you wrote in exercise 2. Then complete the answers.	(do) when Pedro phoned 6 Sally (take) a photo when I phoned?
	1 No, I	7 Pedro and Tomek (not / laugh) when Ben fell in the river.
	4 No, we	

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Ejei	icicio 4 Escribe preguntas con partícula int	errogativa para
estas	s respuestas. Recuerda que debes usar el <i>past</i>	continuous.
	?	
	The dog was sleeping on her bed.	
2.	?	
	The children were playing <u>basketball</u> .	
3.	We were going to the cinema.	
	we were going to the chema.	
200	She was crying <u>last night</u> .	
5.	?	
	The plumber ⁴ was fixing the tap ⁵ .	
Ejer	rcicio 5 Traduce estas oraciones al inglés.	
1.	Ayer, a las siete de la tarde, yo estaba jugando al	fútbol.
2.	Mi madre estuvo trabajando todo el día.	
3.	Ricardo no estaba haciendo sus deberes cuando le	llamé.
4.	¿Estabas escuchando música?	
5.	¿Por qué estaba Lisa Ilorando anoche?	

⁴ fontanero ⁵ grifo

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13 Past continuous: affirmative, negative, questions, short answers (2)

3 Lee la tabla. Luego corrige las frases. Escribe una frase negativa y una afirmativa.

	Nuria	Lori and Dan
18:30 - 19:30	read	work
19:30 - 20:30	study	have dinner
20:30 - 22.00	listen to a CD	watch TV

At seven o'clock ...

Nuria was listening to music.

Nuria wasn't listening to music.

She was reading.

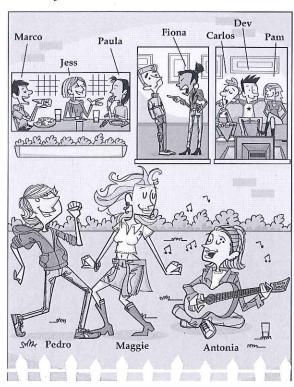
At eight o'clock ...

- Nuria was working.
- 2 Lori and Dan were studying.

At nine o'clock ...

- 3 Nuria was watching TV.
- 4 Lori and Dan were having dinner.

4 Completa las preguntas, las respuestas cortas y las frases.



	<u>Were</u> Maggie and F	edro <u>having</u>
	(have) dinner?	
	No, <u>they weren't</u> .	
	They were dancing	(dance).
1	Dev	(read)?
	No,	
		(watch) TV.
2	Jess and Pau	la (chat)?
	Yes,	
		(chat) with Marco.
3	Fiona	_ (shout)?
	Yes,	
		(shout) at her
	boyfriend.	
4	Antonia	(play) the flute?
	No,	
		(play) the guitar.

Vocabulario clave

at (eight) o'clock a las (ocho) boyfriend novio chat charlar dance bailar feel well sentirse bien flute flauta French francés friend(s) amigo/a(s) guitar guitarra have dinner cenar laugh reírse listen escuchar music música play jugar/tocar read leer shout gritar snow nevar study estudiar TV televisión watch ver work trabajar yesterday ayer

विद्यार्थित र्थे ¿Qué estaban haciendo estas personas ayer a las 11 de la mañana? Escribe frases afirmativas utilizando el past continuous.

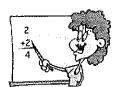
1.		Tom((sit) in class.
2,	T	he baby	(cry).
3.	News The second	They(írun).
4.	The	e boy((Wait) at the bus stop
5.			(drink) a cup of tea.
j) pire	guntas. Cua	Contesta con respuest ido la respuesta sea "r	as largas a las siguientes no" escribe la respuesta correcta.
		1. Was Dai No, Danny wasn't	nny studying English last night? studying English last night. V.
		2. Were Pau	l and Emma dancing last night?
onzi	alo Orozco		



Was Christine swimming yesterday? 3.



Was Mrs. White playing tennis yesterday?



Was Mrs. Brown teaching History?

Escribe preguntas tipo Yes/No para las siguientes Hardidio 3 repuestas.

1.	Were you waiting on the corner?	
	Yes, I was. I was waiting on the corner.	

Yes, the children were sleeping when you phoned.

Yes, he was. Alan was speaking to his new girlfriend when I saw him.

No, I wasn't watching TV. I was revising the English vocab.

No, they weren't arguing. They were rehearsing² for the school play³.

¹ repasar ² ensayar

³ obra de teatro

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